Contents

1 Enthalpy Tables

Source: Atkins, Peter, Julio De Paula, and James Keeler. 2017. Atkins' Physical Chemistry. 11th ed. London, England: Oxford University Press.

All thermodynamic data below are given at "Normal Temperature and Pressure," (NTP) denoted as $T^{\ominus} = 298\,°\mathrm{K}$ and $p^{\ominus} = 1\,\mathrm{bar}$. The enthalpy of formation of a substance is represented as $\Delta_\mathrm{f} H^{\ominus}$. This represents the change in enthalpy when a compound is formed from its constituent elements, each in their most stable form. In this context, the most stable form of an element is assigned $\Delta_\mathrm{f} H^{\ominus} = 0$. For example, diatomic hydrogen, H_2 (the molecule rather H_2 than the atom H), is the most stable form of hydrogen at this temperature, and therefore, $\Delta_\mathrm{f} H^{\ominus} = 0$ for H_2, as indicated in the table below (go find in the table close to the bottom of page 997 below!).

Now, let's consider the reaction:

$$\mathrm{H}(g) + \mathrm{H}(g) \to \mathrm{H}_2(g) \tag{1}$$

Referring to the tables (again find it on the bottom of 997), we find that the enthalpy of one mole of hydrogen gas in its monoatomic form (which is not its most stable form) is:

$$\Delta_\mathrm{f} H^{\ominus}\big|_{\mathrm{H}(g)} = 217.97\,\mathrm{kJ} \tag{2}$$

This value is greater than zero, indicating that the more stable form of hydrogen is as a diatomic gas with lower enthalpy. So, if we have two moles of hydrogen gas in their monoatomic form, and they combine to form one mole of hydrogen gas in its diatomic form, the enthalpy change in the reaction, denoted as $\Delta H = H_\mathrm{final} - H_\mathrm{initial}$, can be calculated as:

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta H^{\ominus} &= \left[\underbrace{0}_{\text{This is the enthalpy } \Delta_\mathrm{f} H \text{ of } \mathrm{H}_2}\right] - \left[\underbrace{2 \times 218\,\mathrm{kJ}}_{\text{enthalpy of 2 mol mono-atomic H}}\right] & (3)\\ &= -436\,\mathrm{kJ} & (4)\end{aligned}$$

The negative sign indicates an exothermic reaction ($Q_\mathrm{in} < 0$) at constant pressure, i.e. heat is released in the reaction ($Q_\mathrm{out} > 0$). The signs come from the the first law, $\Delta U = Q_\mathrm{in} - W_\mathrm{out}$, or $\Delta H = Q_\mathrm{in}$ at constant pressure.

Sometimes the ΔH for a reaction at normal temperature and pressure is denoted $\Delta_\mathrm{rxn} H^{\ominus}$, which, for this reaction, is $-436\,\mathrm{kJ}$ for every mole of diatomic hydrogen produced.

Table 2.3 Standard enthalpies of fusion and vaporization at the transition temperature, $\Delta_{trs}H^{\ominus}/(\text{kJ mol}^{-1})$

	T_f/K	Fusion	T_b/K	Vaporization
Elements				
Ag	1234	11.30	2436	250.6
Ar	83.81	1.188	87.29	6.506
Br_2	265.9	10.57	332.4	29.45
Cl_2	172.1	6.41	239.1	20.41
F_2	53.6	0.26	85.0	3.16
H_2	13.96	0.117	20.38	0.916
He	3.5	0.021	4.22	0.084
Hg	234.3	2.292	629.7	59.30
I_2	386.8	15.52	458.4	41.80
N_2	63.15	0.719	77.35	5.586
Na	371.0	2.601	1156	98.01
O_2	54.36	0.444	90.18	6.820
Xe	161	2.30	165	12.6
K	336.4	2.35	1031	80.23
Inorganic compounds				
CCl_4	250.3	2.47	349.9	30.00
CO_2	217.0	8.33	194.6	25.23 s
CS_2	161.2	4.39	319.4	26.74
H_2O	273.15	6.008	373.15	40.656
				44.016 at 298 K
H_2S	187.6	2.377	212.8	18.67
H_2SO_4	283.5	2.56		
NH_3	195.4	5.652	239.7	23.35
Organic compounds				
CH_4	90.68	0.941	111.7	8.18
CCl_4	250.3	2.5	350	30.0
C_2H_6	89.85	2.86	184.6	14.7
C_6H_6	278.61	10.59	353.2	30.8
C_6H_{14}	178	13.08	342.1	28.85
$C_{10}H_8$	354	18.80	490.9	51.51
CH_3OH	175.2	3.16	337.2	35.27
				37.99 at 298 K
C_2H_5OH	158.7	4.60	352	43.5

Data: AIP; s denotes sublimation.

Table 2.5 Thermodynamic data for organic compounds (all values are for 298 K)

	$M/(\text{g mol}^{-1})$	$\Delta_f H^{\ominus}/(\text{kJ mol}^{-1})$	$\Delta_f G^{\ominus}/(\text{kJ mol}^{-1})$	$S_m^{\ominus}/(\text{J K}^{-1}\text{ mol}^{-1})$†	$C_{p,m}^{\ominus}/(\text{J K}^{-1}\text{ mol}^{-1})$	$\Delta_c H^{\ominus}/(\text{kJ mol}^{-1})$
C(s) (graphite)	12.011	0	0	5.740	8.527	−393.51
C(s) (diamond)	12.011	+1.895	+2.900	2.377	6.113	−395.40
CO_2(g)	44.040	−393.51	−394.36	213.74	37.11	
Hydrocarbons						
CH_4(g), methane	16.04	−74.81	−50.72	186.26	35.31	−890
CH_3(g), methyl	15.04	+145.69	+147.92	194.2	38.70	
C_2H_2(g), ethyne	26.04	+226.73	+209.20	200.94	43.93	−1300
C_2H_4(g), ethene	28.05	+52.26	+68.15	219.56	43.56	−1411
C_2H_6(g), ethane	30.07	−84.68	−32.82	229.60	52.63	−1560
C_3H_6(g), propene	42.08	+20.42	+62.78	267.05	63.89	−2058
C_3H_6(g), cyclopropane	42.08	+53.30	+104.45	237.55	55.94	−2091
C_3H_8(g), propane	44.10	−103.85	−23.49	269.91	73.5	−2220
C_4H_8(g), 1-butene	56.11	−0.13	+71.39	305.71	85.65	−2717
C_4H_8(g), *cis*-2-butene	56.11	−6.99	+65.95	300.94	78.91	−2710
C_4H_8(g), *trans*-2-butene	56.11	−11.17	+63.06	296.59	87.82	−2707
C_4H_{10}(g), butane	58.13	−126.15	−17.03	310.23	97.45	−2878
C_5H_{12}(g), pentane	72.15	−146.44	−8.20	348.40	120.2	−3537
C_5H_{12}(l)	72.15	−173.1				
C_6H_6(l), benzene	78.12	+49.0	+124.3	173.3	136.1	−3268

Table 2.5 (Continued)

	M/(g mol^{-1})	$\Delta_f H^{\ominus}$/(kJ mol^{-1})	$\Delta_f G^{\ominus}$/(kJ mol^{-1})	$S_m^{\ominus}$/(J K^{-1} mol^{-1})†	$C_{p,m}^{\ominus}$/(J K^{-1} mol^{-1})	$\Delta_c H^{\ominus}$/(kJ mol^{-1})
Hydrocarbons (Continued)						
C_6H_6(g)	78.12	+82.93	+129.72	269.31	81.67	−3302
C_6H_{12}(l), cyclohexane	84.16	−156	+26.8	204.4	156.5	−3920
C_6H_{14}(l), hexane	86.18	−198.7		204.3		−4163
$C_6H_5CH_3$(g), methylbenzene (toluene)	92.14	+50.0	+122.0	320.7	103.6	−3953
C_7H_{16}(l), heptane	100.21	−224.4	+1.0	328.6	224.3	
C_8H_{18}(l), octane	114.23	−249.9	+6.4	361.1		−5471
C_8H_{18}(l), iso-octane	114.23	−255.1				−5461
$C_{10}H_8$(s), naphthalene	128.18	+78.53				−5157
Alcohols and phenols						
CH_3OH(l), methanol	32.04	−238.66	−166.27	126.8	81.6	−726
CH_3OH(g)	32.04	−200.66	−161.96	239.81	43.89	−764
C_2H_5OH(l), ethanol	46.07	−277.69	−174.78	160.7	111.46	−1368
C_2H_5OH(g)	46.07	−235.10	−168.49	282.70	65.44	−1409
C_6H_5OH(s), phenol	94.12	−165.0	−50.9	146.0		−3054
Carboxylic acids, hydroxy acids, and esters						
HCOOH(l), formic	46.03	−424.72	−361.35	128.95	99.04	−255
CH_3COOH(l), acetic	60.05	−484.5	−389.9	159.8	124.3	−875
CH_3COOH(aq)	60.05	−485.76	−396.46	178.7		
$CH_3CO_2^-$(aq)	59.05	−486.01	−369.31	+86.6	−6.3	
$(COOH)_2$(s), oxalic	90.04	−827.2			117	−254
C_6H_5COOH(s), benzoic	122.13	−385.1	−245.3	167.6	146.8	−3227
$CH_3CH(OH)COOH$(s), lactic	90.08	−694.0				−1344
$CH_3COOC_2H_5$(l), ethyl acetate	88.11	−479.0	−332.7	259.4	170.1	−2231
Alkanals and alkanones						
HCHO(g), methanal	30.03	−108.57	−102.53	218.77	35.40	−571
CH_3CHO(l), ethanal	44.05	−192.30	−128.12	160.2		−1166
CH_3CHO(g)	44.05	−166.19	−128.86	250.3	57.3	−1192
CH_3COCH_3(l), propanone	58.08	−248.1	−155.4	200.4	124.7	−1790
Sugars						
$C_6H_{12}O_6$(s), α-D-glucose	180.16	−1274				−2808
$C_6H_{12}O_6$(s), β-D-glucose	180.16	−1268	−910	212		
$C_6H_{12}O_6$(s), β-D-fructose	180.16	−1266				−2810
$C_{12}H_{22}O_{11}$(s), sucrose	342.30	−2222	−1543	360.2		−5645
Nitrogen compounds						
$CO(NH_2)_2$(s), urea	60.06	−333.51	−197.33	104.60	93.14	−632
CH_3NH_2(g), methylamine	31.06	−22.97	+32.16	243.41	53.1	−1085
$C_6H_5NH_2$(l), aniline	93.13	+31.1				−3393
$CH_2(NH_2)COOH$(s), glycine	75.07	−532.9	−373.4	103.5	99.2	−969

Data: NBS, TDOC. † Standard entropies of ions may be either positive or negative because the values are relative to the entropy of the hydrogen ion.

Table 2.7 Thermodynamic data for elements and inorganic compounds (all values relate to 298 K)

	$M/(\text{g mol}^{-1})$	$\Delta_f H^\ominus/(\text{kJ mol}^{-1})$	$\Delta_f G^\ominus/(\text{kJ mol}^{-1})$	$S_m^\ominus/(\text{J K}^{-1}\text{ mol}^{-1})$†	$C_{p,m}^\ominus/(\text{J K}^{-1}\text{ mol}^{-1})$
Aluminium (aluminum)					
Al(s)	26.98	0	0	28.33	24.35
Al(l)	26.98	+10.56	+7.20	39.55	24.21
Al(g)	26.98	+326.4	+285.7	164.54	21.38
Al^{3+}(g)	26.98	+5483.17			
Al^{3+}(aq)	26.98	−531	−485	−321.7	
Al_2O_3(s, α)	101.96	−1675.7	−1582.3	50.92	79.04
$AlCl_3$(s)	133.24	−704.2	−628.8	110.67	91.84
Argon					
Ar(g)	39.95	0	0	154.84	20.786
Antimony					
Sb(s)	121.75	0	0	45.69	25.23
SbH_3(g)	124.77	+145.11	+147.75	232.78	41.05
Arsenic					
As(s, α)	74.92	0	0	35.1	24.64
As(g)	74.92	+302.5	+261.0	174.21	20.79
As_4(g)	299.69	+143.9	+92.4	314	
AsH_3(g)	77.95	+66.44	+68.93	222.78	38.07
Barium					
Ba(s)	137.34	0	0	62.8	28.07
Ba(g)	137.34	+180	+146	170.24	20.79
Ba^{2+}(aq)	137.34	−537.64	−560.77	+9.6	
BaO(s)	153.34	−553.5	−525.1	70.43	47.78
$BaCl_2$(s)	208.25	−858.6	−810.4	123.68	75.14
Beryllium					
Be(s)	9.01	0	0	9.50	16.44
Be(g)	9.01	+324.3	+286.6	136.27	20.79
Bismuth					
Bi(s)	208.98	0	0	56.74	25.52
Bi(g)	208.98	+207.1	+168.2	187.00	20.79
Bromine					
Br_2(l)	159.82	0	0	152.23	75.689
Br_2(g)	159.82	+30.907	+3.110	245.46	36.02
Br(g)	79.91	+111.88	+82.396	175.02	20.786
Br^-(g)	79.91	−219.07			
Br^-(aq)	79.91	−121.55	−103.96	+82.4	−141.8
HBr(g)	90.92	−36.40	−53.45	198.70	29.142
Cadmium					
Cd(s, γ)	112.40	0	0	51.76	25.98
Cd(g)	112.40	+112.01	+77.41	167.75	20.79
Cd^{2+}(aq)	112.40	−75.90	−77.612	−73.2	

Table 2.7 (Continued)

	M/(g mol^{-1})	$\Delta_f H^{\ominus}$/(kJ mol^{-1})	$\Delta_f G^{\ominus}$/(kJ mol^{-1})	$S_m^{\ominus}$/(J K^{-1} mol^{-1})†	$C_{p,m}^{\ominus}$/(J K^{-1} mol^{-1})
Cadmium (Continued)					
CdO(s)	128.40	−258.2	−228.4	54.8	43.43
$CdCO_3$(s)	172.41	−750.6	−669.4	92.5	
Caesium (cesium)					
Cs(s)	132.91	0	0	85.23	32.17
Cs(g)	132.91	+76.06	+49.12	175.60	20.79
Cs^+(aq)	132.91	−258.28	−292.02	+133.05	−10.5
Calcium					
Ca(s)	40.08	0	0	41.42	25.31
Ca(g)	40.08	+178.2	+144.3	154.88	20.786
Ca^{2+}(aq)	40.08	−542.83	−553.58	−53.1	
CaO(s)	56.08	−635.09	−604.03	39.75	42.80
$CaCO_3$(s) (calcite)	100.09	−1206.9	−1128.8	92.9	81.88
$CaCO_3$(s) (aragonite)	100.09	−1207.1	−1127.8	88.7	81.25
CaF_2(s)	78.08	−1219.6	−1167.3	68.87	67.03
$CaCl_2$(s)	110.99	−795.8	−748.1	104.6	72.59
$CaBr_2$(s)	199.90	−682.8	−663.6	130	
Carbon (for 'organic' compounds of carbon, see Table 2.5)					
C(s) (graphite)	12.011	0	0	5.740	8.527
C(s) (diamond)	12.011	+1.895	+2.900	2.377	6.113
C(g)	12.011	+716.68	+671.26	158.10	20.838
C_2(g)	24.022	+831.90	+775.89	199.42	43.21
CO(g)	28.011	−110.53	−137.17	197.67	29.14
CO_2(g)	44.010	−393.51	−394.36	213.74	37.11
CO_2(aq)	44.010	−413.80	−385.98	117.6	
H_2CO_3(aq)	62.03	−699.65	−623.08	187.4	
HCO_3^-(aq)	61.02	−691.99	−586.77	+91.2	
CO_3^{2-}(aq)	60.01	−677.14	−527.81	−56.9	
CCl_4(l)	153.82	−135.44	−65.21	216.40	131.75
CS_2(l)	76.14	+89.70	+65.27	151.34	75.7
HCN(g)	27.03	+135.1	+124.7	201.78	35.86
HCN(l)	27.03	+108.87	+124.97	112.84	70.63
CN^-(aq)	26.02	+150.6	+172.4	+94.1	
Chlorine					
Cl_2(g)	70.91	0	0	223.07	33.91
Cl(g)	35.45	+121.68	+105.68	165.20	21.840
Cl^-(g)	34.45	−233.13			
Cl^-(aq)	35.45	−167.16	−131.23	+56.5	−136.4
HCl(g)	36.46	−92.31	−95.30	186.91	29.12
HCl(aq)	36.46	−167.16	−131.23	56.5	−136.4
Chromium					
Cr(s)	52.00	0	0	23.77	23.35
Cr(g)	52.00	+396.6	+351.8	174.50	20.79

Table 2.7 (Continued)

	$M/(\text{g mol}^{-1})$	$\Delta_f H^{\ominus}/(\text{kJ mol}^{-1})$	$\Delta_f G^{\ominus}/(\text{kJ mol}^{-1})$	$S_m^{\ominus}/(\text{J K}^{-1}\text{ mol}^{-1})$†	$C_{p,m}^{\ominus}/(\text{J K}^{-1}\text{ mol}^{-1})$
Chromium (Continued)					
CrO_4^{2-}(aq)	115.99	−881.15	−727.75	+50.21	
$Cr_2O_7^{2-}$(aq)	215.99	−1490.3	−1301.1	+261.9	
Copper					
Cu(s)	63.54	0	0	33.150	24.44
Cu(g)	63.54	+338.32	+298.58	166.38	20.79
Cu^{+}(aq)	63.54	+71.67	+49.98	+40.6	
Cu^{2+}(aq)	63.54	+64.77	+65.49	−99.6	
Cu_2O(s)	143.08	−168.6	−146.0	93.14	63.64
CuO(s)	79.54	−157.3	−129.7	42.63	42.30
$CuSO_4$(s)	159.60	−771.36	−661.8	109	100.0
$CuSO_4\cdot H_2O$(s)	177.62	−1085.8	−918.11	146.0	134
$CuSO_4\cdot 5H_2O$(s)	249.68	−2279.7	−1879.7	300.4	280
Deuterium					
D_2(g)	4.028	0	0	144.96	29.20
HD(g)	3.022	+0.318	−1.464	143.80	29.196
D_2O(g)	20.028	−249.20	−234.54	198.34	34.27
D_2O(l)	20.028	−294.60	−243.44	75.94	84.35
HDO(g)	19.022	−245.30	−233.11	199.51	33.81
HDO(l)	19.022	−289.89	−241.86	79.29	
Fluorine					
F_2(g)	38.00	0	0	202.78	31.30
F(g)	19.00	+78.99	+61.91	158.75	22.74
F^{-}(aq)	19.00	−332.63	−278.79	−13.8	−106.7
HF(g)	20.01	−271.1	−273.2	173.78	29.13
Gold					
Au(s)	196.97	0	0	47.40	25.42
Au(g)	196.97	+366.1	+326.3	180.50	20.79
Helium					
He(g)	4.003	0	0	126.15	20.786
Hydrogen (see also deuterium)					
H_2(g)	2.016	0	0	130.684	28.824
H(g)	1.008	+217.97	+203.25	114.71	20.784
H^{+}(aq)	1.008	0	0	0	0
H^{+}(g)	1.008	+1536.20			
H_2O(s)	18.015			37.99	
H_2O(l)	18.015	−285.83	−237.13	69.91	75.291
H_2O(g)	18.015	−241.82	−228.57	188.83	33.58
H_2O_2(l)	34.015	−187.78	−120.35	109.6	89.1
Iodine					
I_2(s)	253.81	0	0	116.135	54.44
I_2(g)	253.81	+62.44	+19.33	260.69	36.90

Table 2.7 (Continued)

	M/(g mol^{-1})	$\Delta_f H^\ominus$/(kJ mol^{-1})	$\Delta_f G^\ominus$/(kJ mol^{-1})	$S_m^\ominus$/(J K^{-1} mol^{-1})†	$C_{p,m}^\ominus$/(J K^{-1} mol^{-1})
Iodine (Continued)					
I(g)	126.90	+106.84	+70.25	180.79	20.786
I^-(aq)	126.90	−55.19	−51.57	+111.3	−142.3
HI(g)	127.91	+26.48	+1.70	206.59	29.158
Iron					
Fe(s)	55.85	0	0	27.28	25.10
Fe(g)	55.85	+416.3	+370.7	180.49	25.68
Fe^{2+}(aq)	55.85	−89.1	−78.90	−137.7	
Fe^{3+}(aq)	55.85	−48.5	−4.7	−315.9	
Fe_3O_4(s) (magnetite)	231.54	−1118.4	−1015.4	146.4	143.43
Fe_2O_3(s) (haematite)	159.69	−824.2	−742.2	87.40	103.85
FeS(s, α)	87.91	−100.0	−100.4	60.29	50.54
FeS_2(s)	119.98	−178.2	−166.9	52.93	62.17
Krypton					
Kr(g)	83.80	0	0	164.08	20.786
Lead					
Pb(s)	207.19	0	0	64.81	26.44
Pb(g)	207.19	+195.0	+161.9	175.37	20.79
Pb^{2+}(aq)	207.19	−1.7	−24.43	+10.5	
PbO(s, yellow)	223.19	−217.32	−187.89	68.70	45.77
PbO(s, red)	223.19	−218.99	−188.93	66.5	45.81
PbO_2(s)	239.19	−277.4	−217.33	68.6	64.64
Lithium					
Li(s)	6.94	0	0	29.12	24.77
Li(g)	6.94	+159.37	+126.66	138.77	20.79
Li^+(aq)	6.94	−278.49	−293.31	+13.4	68.6
Magnesium					
Mg(s)	24.31	0	0	32.68	24.89
Mg(g)	24.31	+147.70	+113.10	148.65	20.786
Mg^{2+}(aq)	24.31	−466.85	−454.8	−138.1	
MgO(s)	40.31	−601.70	−569.43	26.94	37.15
$MgCO_3$(s)	84.32	−1095.8	−1012.1	65.7	75.52
$MgCl_2$(s)	95.22	−641.32	−591.79	89.62	71.38
Mercury					
Hg(l)	200.59	0	0	76.02	27.983
Hg(g)	200.59	+61.32	+31.82	174.96	20.786
Hg^{2+}(aq)	200.59	+171.1	+164.40	−32.2	
Hg_2^{2+}(aq)	401.18	+172.4	+153.52	+84.5	
HgO(s)	216.59	−90.83	−58.54	70.29	44.06
Hg_2Cl_2(s)	472.09	−265.22	−210.75	192.5	102
$HgCl_2$(s)	271.50	−224.3	−178.6	146.0	
HgS(s, black)	232.65	−53.6	−47.7	88.3	

Table 2.7 (Continued)

	$M/(\mathrm{g\,mol^{-1}})$	$\Delta_f H^\ominus/(\mathrm{kJ\,mol^{-1}})$	$\Delta_f G^\ominus/(\mathrm{kJ\,mol^{-1}})$	$S_m^\ominus/(\mathrm{J\,K^{-1}\,mol^{-1}})$†	$C_{p,m}^\ominus/(\mathrm{J\,K^{-1}\,mol^{-1}})$
Neon					
Ne(g)	20.18	0	0	146.33	20.786
Nitrogen					
N_2(g)	28.013	0	0	191.61	29.125
N(g)	14.007	+472.70	+455.56	153.30	20.786
NO(g)	30.01	+90.25	+86.55	210.76	29.844
N_2O(g)	44.01	+82.05	+104.20	219.85	38.45
NO_2(g)	46.01	+33.18	+51.31	240.06	37.20
N_2O_4(g)	92.1	+9.16	+97.89	304.29	77.28
N_2O_5(s)	108.01	−43.1	+113.9	178.2	143.1
N_2O_5(g)	108.01	+11.3	+115.1	355.7	84.5
HNO_3(l)	63.01	−174.10	−80.71	155.60	109.87
HNO_3(aq)	63.01	−207.36	−111.25	146.4	−86.6
NO_3^-(aq)	62.01	−205.0	−108.74	+146.4	−86.6
NH_3(g)	17.03	−46.11	−16.45	192.45	35.06
NH_3(aq)	17.03	−80.29	−26.50	111.3	
NH_4^+(aq)	18.04	−132.51	−79.31	+113.4	79.9
NH_2OH(s)	33.03	−114.2			
HN_3(l)	43.03	+264.0	+327.3	140.6	43.68
HN_3(g)	43.03	+294.1	+328.1	238.97	98.87
N_2H_4(l)	32.05	+50.63	+149.43	121.21	139.3
NH_4NO_3(s)	80.04	−365.56	−183.87	151.08	84.1
NH_4Cl(s)	53.49	−314.43	−202.87	94.6	
Oxygen					
O_2(g)	31.999	0	0	205.138	29.355
O(g)	15.999	+249.17	+231.73	161.06	21.912
O_3(g)	47.998	+142.7	+163.2	238.93	39.20
OH^-(aq)	17.007	−229.99	−157.24	−10.75	−148.5
Phosphorus					
P(s, wh)	30.97	0	0	41.09	23.840
P(g)	30.97	+314.64	+278.25	163.19	20.786
P_2(g)	61.95	+144.3	+103.7	218.13	32.05
P_4(g)	123.90	+58.91	+24.44	279.98	67.15
PH_3(g)	34.00	+5.4	+13.4	210.23	37.11
PCl_3(g)	137.33	−287.0	−267.8	311.78	71.84
PCl_3(l)	137.33	−319.7	−272.3	217.1	
PCl_5(g)	208.24	−374.9	−305.0	364.6	112.8
PCl_5(s)	208.24	−443.5			
H_3PO_3(s)	82.00	−964.4			
H_3PO_3(aq)	82.00	−964.8			
H_3PO_4(s)	94.97	−1279.0	−1119.1	110.50	106.06
H_3PO_4(l)	94.97	−1266.9			
H_3PO_4(aq)	94.97	−1277.4	−1018.7	−222	

Table 2.7 (Continued)

	M/(g mol^{-1})	$\Delta_f H^\ominus$/(kJ mol^{-1})	$\Delta_f G^\ominus$/(kJ mol^{-1})	$S_m^\ominus$/(J K^{-1} mol^{-1})†	$C_{p,m}^\ominus$/(J K^{-1} mol^{-1})
Phosphorus (Continued)					
PO_4^{3-}(aq)	94.97	−1277.4	−1018.7	−221.8	
P_4O_{10}(s)	283.89	−2984.0	−2697.0	228.86	211.71
P_4O_6(s)	219.89	−1640.1			
Potassium					
K(s)	39.10	0	0	64.18	29.58
K(g)	39.10	+89.24	+60.59	160.336	20.786
K^+(g)	39.10	+514.26			
K^+(aq)	39.10	−252.38	−283.27	+102.5	21.8
KOH(s)	56.11	−424.76	−379.08	78.9	64.9
KF(s)	58.10	−576.27	−537.75	66.57	49.04
KCl(s)	74.56	−436.75	−409.14	82.59	51.30
KBr(s)	119.01	−393.80	−380.66	95.90	52.30
KI(s)	166.01	−327.90	−324.89	106.32	52.93
Silicon					
Si(s)	28.09	0	0	18.83	20.00
Si(g)	28.09	+455.6	+411.3	167.97	22.25
SiO_2(s, α)	60.09	−910.94	−856.64	41.84	44.43
Silver					
Ag(s)	107.87	0	0	42.55	25.351
Ag(g)	107.87	+284.55	+245.65	173.00	20.79
Ag^+(aq)	107.87	+105.58	+77.11	+72.68	21.8
AgBr(s)	187.78	−100.37	−96.90	107.1	52.38
AgCl(s)	143.32	−127.07	−109.79	96.2	50.79
Ag_2O(s)	231.74	−31.05	−11.20	121.3	65.86
$AgNO_3$(s)	169.88	−129.39	−33.41	140.92	93.05
Sodium					
Na(s)	22.99	0	0	51.21	28.24
Na(g)	22.99	+107.32	+76.76	153.71	20.79
Na^+(aq)	22.99	−240.12	−261.91	59.0	46.4
NaOH(s)	40.00	−425.61	−379.49	64.46	59.54
NaCl(s)	58.44	−411.15	−384.14	72.13	50.50
NaBr(s)	102.90	−361.06	−348.98	86.82	51.38
NaI(s)	149.89	−287.78	−286.06	98.53	52.09
Sulfur					
S(s, α) (rhombic)	32.06	0	0	31.80	22.64
S(s, β) (monoclinic)	32.06	+0.33	+0.1	32.6	23.6
S(g)	32.06	+278.81	+238.25	167.82	23.673
S_2(g)	64.13	+128.37	+79.30	228.18	32.47
S^{2-}(aq)	32.06	+33.1	+85.8	−14.6	
SO_2(g)	64.06	−296.83	−300.19	248.22	39.87
SO_3(g)	80.06	−395.72	−371.06	256.76	50.67